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PEBEO SAS

Gilding wax all colours - FDS057



#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

#### SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Gilding wax all colours

Product code: FDS057.

See list of references in appendix. UFI: 1VX0-60FS-T00A-6KUG

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paints & Varnishes for artists

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: PEBEO SAS.

Address: CS 10106 .13881.GEMENOS CEDEX.FRANCE. Telephone: 33 (0) 4.42.32.08.08. Fax: 33 (0) 4.42.32.01.70.

reglementation@pebeo.com

www.pebeo.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

#### Other emergency numbers

United Kingdom: 0870 600 6266 Ireland: 01 809 25 66

#### SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3, H226).

Acute oral toxicity, Category 4 (Acute Tox. 4, H302).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Chronic 1, H410).

## 2.2. Label elements

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:







GHS02

GHS07

GHS09

Signal Word : WARNING

Product identifiers:

EC 231-159-6 PIGMENT METAL 2 C.I. 77400 (COPPER, BRONZE AND BRASS)

650-002-00-6 TURPENTINE, OIL

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements - General :

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Composition:			
Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
EC: 918-167-1	GHS08, GHS02		$25 \le x \% < 50$
REACH: 01-2119472146-39	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES,	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
<2% AROMATICS			
CAS: 7440-50-8	GHS07, GHS09	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 231-159-6	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119480154-42	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
PIGMENT METAL 2 C.I. 77400 (COPPER,	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
BRONZE AND BRASS)	M Acute = 1		
,	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 1		
INDEX: 030-001-01-9	GHS09	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
CAS: 7440-66-6	Wng		
EC: 231-175-3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
REACH: 01-2119467174-37	M Acute = 1		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
ZINC POWDER - ZINC DUST (STABILISED)	M Chronic = 1		
INDEX: 650-002-00-6	GHS02, GHS08, GHS07, GHS09	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 8006-64-2	Dgr		
EC: 232-350-7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
REACH: 01-2119553060-53-0011	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
TURPENTINE, OIL	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		

## Information on ingredients:

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

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[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

#### SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

## 4.1. description of first aid measures

## In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

## In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

## In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water, administer activated medical charcoal and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

#### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

## Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

## Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

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#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

#### SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

## Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always ground when decanting. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and make floors of non-conductive

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

## Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

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## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

## **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

occupational expo	osure limits :				
- ACGIH TLV (A	American Confere	nce of Governn	nental Industria	al Hygienists, Thr	eshold Limit Va
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
8006-64-2	20 ppm			SEN; A4	
- South Africa / D	OOL RL (Departm	nent of Labour.	Recommended	l limits, 1995) :	
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	2 mg/m3	-	-	-
8006-64-2	100 ppm	150 ppm			
	560 mg/m3	840 mg/m3			
- Australia (NOH	SC: 3008, 1995)	<del></del> :	•	<u> </u>	•
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
8006-64-2	100 ppm			A	
	557 mg/m3				
- Belgium (Royal	decree of 11/05/2	2021):			
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria :
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	_	-
8006-64-2	20 ppm				
- Canada / Albert	a (Occupational h	ealth and safety	code, 2009):		
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
8006-64-2	20 ppm				
	111 mg/m3				
- Canada / British	Colombia (2009)	):	•	•	•
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
8006-64-2	20 ppm				
- Canada / Ontari	o (Control of exp	osure to biologi	cal or chemica	l agents, regulatio	n 491/2009) ·
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria:
8006-64-2	20 ppm	-	-	-	-
	c (Regulations on	occupational h	ealth and safet	v) ·	1
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
	1 5				

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8006-64-2	100 ppm					
	556 mg/m3					
- China (GBZ 2.1	, 2007):				•	
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Anm:	TWA:	STEL:	Anm:
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	0.6 mg/m3	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	300 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
- Denmark (2020)		_			•	<b>'</b>
Stof	TWA	VSTEL	Loftvaerdi	Anm		
7440-50-8	-	1 mg/m3	Lorivaciai	ZXIIII		
8006-64-2	25 ppm	1 mg/ms				
8000-04-2	140 mg/m <sup>3</sup>					
- France (INRS -		240 2021 1762	daaraa af 00/	12/2021) :		
CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3		VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
8006-64-2	100	560	. VLE-ppiii .	VLE-mg/m3.	Notes .	65.84
		300	-	-	-	03.84
- Finland (HTP-va						$\neg$
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	25 ppm	50 ppm				
	140 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	280 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
- Spain (Instituto	Nacional de Segu	ridad e Higiene	en el Trabajo (1	INSHT), 2019):		
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :	
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	20 ppm			Sen		
	$113 \text{ mg/m}^3$					
- Hong-Kong (Co	de of practice on	control of air im	purities (Chem	icals substances)	in the workpla	ce 04/2002) ·
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria :	
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	100 ppm	1_	_	_	_	
- Ireland (Code of		Thomical Aconta	Pagulations 3	2021) •		
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria :	$\neg$
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	SIEL:	Cennig:	Definition:	Criteria :	_
8006-64-2	20 ppm	150 ppm	-	Sens.	-	_
8000-04-2	112 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	840 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Sells.		
. /10011.0				2024 2020		
- Japan (JSOH, Re					T	_
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
8006-64-2	50 ppm	-	-	-	-	
- Malaysia :						
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	560 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
- Mexico :						
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	2 mg/m3	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	100 ppm	-	1-	-	-	
- Norway (Veiled		rative normer fo	r forurenching	i arbaideatmosfo	re 2010) ·	
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	SIEL.	Cennig .	Definition:	Ciliciia .	
8006-64-2	25 ppm		+	HA		$\dashv$
0000-04-2	140 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			11A		
			(2020 1:::	10.1		
- New Zealand (W					la · ·	
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	100 ppm			dsen		
	556 mg/m <sup>3</sup>					

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- Netherlands / N CAS	MAC-waarde (10 o	STEL:	: Ceiling :	Definition:	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	SIEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
8006-64-2		-	-	-	-	
	100 ppm		-	-	-	
	z 2018 r. poz. 91'			1		
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :	
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>					
8006-64-2	112 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
- Czech Republic	c (Regulation No.	361/2007):				
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	0.1 mg/m3	0.2 mg/m3	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		I		
- Slovakia (Regu	lation 300/2007,		/2011) •			
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :	
7440-50-8	I WA.	SIEL.	II1	Definition .	Cincia.	
7440-30-8	2 mg/m³		111		<del> </del>	
8006-64-2	100 ppm	150 ppm		S	<del>                                     </del>	
8000-04-2	560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	850 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		3		
		830 mg/m²				
- Switzerland (St						
CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations		
7440-50-8	0.1 ppm	0.2 ppm				
8006-64-2	20 ppm	40 ppm				
	112 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	224 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
- Sweden (AFS 2	2018:1):					
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
7440-50-8	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>					
8006-64-2	25 ppm	50 ppm		H.S.V		
	$150 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$300 \text{ mg/m}^3$				
- IIK / WEL (W	orkplace exposure		005 Fourth Editie	on 2020) ·		
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria :	
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	- SILL.	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	100 ppm	150 ppm				
8000-04-2	566 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	850 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
			1.00	177 11 5		
					mmended exposure limits):	
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :	
7440-50-8	0.1 mg/m3	-	-	-	-	
8006-64-2	100 ppm		-	-	-	
<ul> <li>USA / NIOSE Concentrations)</li> </ul>		Institute for O	Occupational Safe	ty and Health,	Immediately Dangerous to Life	or Hea
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :	
7440-50-8	-	-	100	-	-	
8006-64-2	100 ppm 560 mg/m3					
TICA / OCUA I		1 Safaty and Har	alth Administration	n Dormissible	Exposure Limits) :	
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition :	Criteria :	
7440-50-8			Cening:	Delinition:	Спепа:	
7440-50-8	1 mg/m3	-	-	-	<del> -</del>	

## 8.2. Exposure controls

8006-64-2

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

1 mg/m3 100 ppm 560 mg/m3

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Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):





Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

#### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

## - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

# Physical state Physical state: Paste. Colour Unspecified

Odour
Odour threshold:
Not stated.

Melting point
Melting point/melting range:
Not relevant.

Freezing point
Freezing point / Freezing range:

Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range
Boiling point/boiling range:

Not relevant.

Flammability
Flammability (solid, gas):

Not stated.

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Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%): Not stated. Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%): Not stated.

Flash point

Flash Point: 40.00 °C.

Auto-ignition temperature

Self-ignition temperature: Not relevant.

**Decomposition temperature** 

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not relevant.

pН

pH (aqueous solution):

Not stated.

pH:

Not relevant.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity: Not stated.

**Solubility** 

Water solubility: Insoluble. Fat solubility: Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not relevant.

Density and/or relative density

Density: 1.31

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/l): 661.98

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

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## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

#### 11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.1. Substances

PIGMENT METAL 2 C.I. 77400 (COPPER, BRONZE AND BRASS) (CAS: 7440-50-8)

0.1 < LC50 <= 1 mg/lFish toxicity:

Factor M = 1

Duration of exposure: 96 h

## 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.2.1. Substances

PIGMENT METAL 2 C.I. 77400 (COPPER, BRONZE AND BRASS) (CAS: 7440-50-8)

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading Biodegradability:

quickly.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

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PEBEO SAS

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#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

#### SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

## Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

## Codes of wastes (Decision 2014/955/EC, Directive 2008/98/EEC on hazardous waste):

20 01 27 \* paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

15 01 04 metallic packaging

15 01 07 glass packaging

#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2021 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2022 [63]).

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1263=PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



## 14.4. Packing group

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material:



ADR/RID Class

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	III	3	30	5 L	163 367 650	E1	3	D/E
	,	,				,	,			
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage	Segregation	
								Handling		
	3	-	III	5 L	F-E. S-E	163 223 367	E1	Category A	-	1
						955				

Pack or Label

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IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	3	-	III	355	60 L	366	220 L	A3 A72 A192	E1
	3	-	III	Y344	10 L	-	-	A3 A72 A192	E1

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(pigment metal 2 c.i. 77400 (copper, bronze and brass))

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

#### - Container information:

The mixture is contained in packaging that does not exceed 125 ml.

Containers to be fitted with a tactile warning of danger (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

## - Particular provisions :

No data available.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

## Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Abbreviations:

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

UFI: Unique formulation identifier. STEL: Short-term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Averages

TMP: French Occupational Illness table

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TLV: Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.

Référence	Désignation Référence
766510	CIRE A DORER ARGENT 30ML
766509	CIRE A DORER ANTIQUE 30ML
766508	CIRE A DORER RENAISSANCE 30ML
766507	CIRE A DORER ROI 30ML
766506	CIRE A DORER EMPIRE 30ML
766499	CIRE A DORER CUIVRE 4X30ML
766498	CIRE A DORER PLATINE 4X30ML