



# Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Laguna Clay Co. GHS - United States

## **Section 1 - Identification**

Product Name GEMD1009 EMD-1009 SPRING GREEN GLAZE-DRY

**Common Names** Glaze, Ceramic Glaze, Pottery Glaze, Dry glaze

Company / Laguna Clay Co.
Manufacturer 14400 Lomitas Ave.

City of Industry, CA 91746

(626) 330-0631 fax (626) 333-7694

**Emergency Number** 911

**Product Use**Non-exhaustive list: pottery manufacturing, glazing ceramic ware

Restrictions on Use None applicable

## Section 2 - Hazardaus Identification

#### Contains Crystalline Silica ≥1% Respirable

GHS label elements / Hazard pictograms



Signal Word: Danger

OSHA/HCS status Glaze mixture in dry form is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification of the substance or

mixture

Carcinogenicity (inhalation) - Category 1A and Specific organ toxicity (Repeated Exposure) (Respiratory tract through inhalation) - Category 1  $\,$ 

**Hazard Statement** (H350) Cancer Hazard. Contains quartz (crystalline silica) which may

cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends upon duration and level of

exposure to the dust. Not an acute hazard.

(H332) Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause lung injury. Inhalation of

high concentrations of dust may cause mechanical irritation and

discomfort of the respiratory tract. Repeated exposure may have chronic

effects.

(H316 + H320 + H335) Can cause skin, respiratory, and eye irritation.

**Precautionary** (P261) Avoid breathing dust.

**Statements** (P280) Wear protective gloves, eye, and respiratory protection.

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info@lagunaclav.com

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## **Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients**

### Substances/Mixtures

Mixture - A trade secret claim is made for this item.

Component	CAS #	Approx % by Wt.	
FRIT	65997-18-4	>65%	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	5-10%	
Crystaline Silica - quartz	14808-60-7	<5%	
Barium Carbonate	513-77-9	<5%	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	<2%	
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	<2%	
Strontium Carbonate	1633-05-2	<2%	

## **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

#### **First-Aid Measures**

Eye Contact If eye contact occurs, rinse immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, seek

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** If irritation occurs, wash thoroughly with water. If it persists, seek medical attention.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air in well ventilated area. If coughing or irritation persists, seek

medical attention.

**Ingestion** Consult physician and/or obtain competent medical assistance.

### Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

**Eye Contact** Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Skin Contact Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Inhalation Inhalation of high concentrations of dry glaze dust may cause mechanical irritation and

discomfort. Long term exposure may cause chronic effects (see section 11).

**Ingestion** Large quantities ingested may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

**Chronic Symptons** Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung

damage in the form of silicosis. Symptons will include shortness of breath, fever fatigue,

loss of appetite, chest pain, dry non-productive cough.

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## **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

General Fire Hazards Glaze mixture in dry or moist form is not flammable and does not support fire. The

paper bags or plastic bags and cardboard boxes containing the mixture are

flammable

Chemical hazards

from fire

Glaze mixture does not contain hazardous decomposition products.

Protective actions and equipment for fire-fighters Glaze mixture and packaging can become slippery when wet. Fire-fighters should

wear appropriate protective equipment.

## **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

Clean-up Methods If appropriate, use gentle water spray to wet down and minimize dust generation.

**Personal Precautions** 

and Personal

**Protective Equipment** 

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. When dry sweeping use NIOSH approved respirators when dust levels exceed exposure

limits.

Environmental Precautions Please read Section 2 completely. If any environmental warnings such as; H411 or H412 are listed in Section 2, please use appropriate procedures when disposing of product and container. Do not put materials into waterways or stormdrains.

**Emergency procedures** 

& Methods of Containment

There are no emergency procedures required for this mixture. Place dry glaze

dust in a sealed container for re-use or proper disposal.

## Section 7 - Handling & Storage

Precautions for safe

handling

Read label before use. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Protect dry material from moisture until use. Do not allow liquid glaze to freeze. Use

proper lifting techniques to avoid physical injury.

Recommendations on the conditions for safe

storage

No special storage considerations. Do not store liquid glaze mixture  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right$ 

below freezing point (< 0 °C or<32°F).

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(800) 452-4862

 January 10, 2020
 En (English)
 PPRO 3 56/7

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## Section 8 - Exposure Counts / Personal Protection

#### **Airborne Exposure Limits**

Hazardous Ingredient	Wt. % Aprox.	CAS#	OSHA PEL* / ACGIH TLV*	
FRIT	>65%	65997-18-4	/ 10mg/m3 STEL Zr	
Kaolin	5-10%	1332-58-7	5mg/m3 / 2mg/m3 respirable	
Crystaline Silica - quartz	<5%	14808-60-7	0.1mg/m3 / 0.025mg/m3 respirable	
Barium Carbonate	<5%	513-77-9	0.5mg/m3 / 0.5mg/m3 respirable	
Bentonite	<2%	1302-78-9	5mg/m3 / 3mg/m3 respirable	
Barium Sulfate	<2%	7727-43-7	10PPM(STEL) / 10mg/m3 total dust	
Strontium Carbonate	<2%	1633-05-2	none established	

#### **Engineering Measures**

Glaze mixture in moist form poses no inhalation health risk. Once glaze mixture has dried, there may be dust generated by cleaning and working processes. In the event that dust is generated, use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as required to maintain exposures below applicable occupational exposure limits (TLV).

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory Dust is generated when working with dry glaze mixture. To minimize exposure to dust and/or

> crystalline silica, cutting or sanding dry glaze products should be conducted with sufficient ventilation. Respirable dust and quartz levels should be monitored regularly. Dust and quartz levels in excess of appropriate exposure limits should be reduced by feasible engineering controls, including (but not limited to) wet sanding, wet suppression, ventilation, and process enclosure. When such controls are not feasible, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators must be worn in accordance with a respiratory protection program which meets OSHA requirements as set forth at 29 CFR1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2-1080 "Practices for Respiratory Protection".

In most cases, a disposable N-95 Particulate Respirator is sufficient.

Eyes Use of NIOSH/OSHA approved safety glasses with side shields is recommended. Face shields

should also be used in excessively dusty conditions. Wear tight fitting dust goggles when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or are anticipated. NIOSH recommends that

contact lenses not be worn when working with crystalline silica dust.

Protective Clothing is not essential. Use gloves and/or protective clothing if abrasion or Skin and Body

allergic reactions are experienced.

### Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	Lump/dry powder or colored liquid	Evaporation Rate Solubility in water at 100 C	No data available None
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Color	Various colors	Decomposition temperature	Not Applicable
Physical state	Solid	Viscosity	Not Applicable
pН	6 - 8	Flashpoint	Not Applicable
Odor	Earthy odor	Boiling Point	Not Applicable
Odor threshold	Not Applicable	Flammability	Not Applicable
Melting Point	> 1200 °C (>2150°F)	Vapor Pressure (mm HG)	Not Applicable

**Freezing Point** < 0 °C (<32°F) Vapor Density Not Applicable Relative density/Specific Partition coefficient Not Applicable

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### Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity No dangerous reactions are known under normal conditions of use

**Chemical Stability** Stable at standard temperature and pressure. No stabilizers

required to maintain chemical stability.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions** 

and Conditions to Avoid

None known

Incompatibility / Hazardous decomposition products

None known

### **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Primary Route of Exposure: Skin, Eye Contact, Inhalation and Ingestion

#### Specific Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Target organs include ears, skin, respiratory system, and gastrointestinal tract.

#### Specific Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Causes damage to eyes, skin, respiratory system, and gastrointestinal tract through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Acute Short-Term Exposure Effects**

May cause eye irritation, skin irritation, respiratory tract irritation, and gastrointestinal tract irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations of dry glaze dust may cause mechanical irritation and discomfort. Long term exposure may cause chronic effects.

#### Chronic Long Term Exposure Effects

Silica has been classified by OSHA as a human lung carcinogen. Repeated or prolonged exposure of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung damage in the form of silicosis.

Effects of silicosis include bronchitis/chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder, increased susceptibility to tuberculosis, scleroderma (a desease affecting skin, blood vessels, joints and skeletal muscles), and possible renal disease. Acute silicosis can be fatal.

#### Related Symptoms

Symptons will include shortness of breath, fever, fatigue, loss of appetite, chest pain, dry non-productive cough.

#### **Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:**

Individuals with pre-existing allergies, eye disorders, skin disorders, respiratory disorders and/or gastrointestinal

## OSHA, IARC, and NTP Carcinogen Classifications

Chemicals with Carcinogen Potential	CAS #	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Crystaline Silica - quartz	14808-60-7	YES	YES - 1	YES

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

1 = Carcinogenic to humans

2A = Probably carcinogenic to humans

2B = Possibly carcinogenic to humans

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

NTP - National Toxicology Program

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# Section 12 - Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

Ecotoxicity	None Known
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5)	None Known
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	None Known
Products of Biodegradation	None Known
Toxicity of the products of Biodegradation	None Known
Bioaccumulation Potential	None Known
Potential to move from soil to groundwater	None Known
Other adverse effects	None Known

## Section 13 - Disposal Configurations (non-mandatory)

<b>Personal Protection</b> Refer to section 8 for proper PPE when disposing of war	Refer to section 8 for proper PPE when disposing of waste material.
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**Appropriate disposal containers** Standard waste disposal containers - no special requirements.

**Appropriate disposal methods** Disposal of this product should comply with the requirements of

environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any

regional or local authority requirements.

Physical and chemical properties Glaze dust or waste should be placed in a sealed container or in a

that may affect disposal manner that reduces or eliminates the release of the product.

Sewage disposal Do not dispose of into sinks or toilets. Never dispose of this product

into a sewer system.

Special precautions for landfills There are no special precautions for disposal in a landfill. This product or incineration activities

is non-combustible and is not suitable for incineration.

## Section 14 - Transporation Information (non-mandatory)

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group Number	Bulk Transport Guidance	Special Precautions
DOT Classification	Not regulated	_		_	_	_
TDG Classification	Not regulated	_	_	_	_	_
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated	_	_	_	_	_
IMDG Class	Not regulated		_	_	_	_
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	_	_	_	_	_

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## Section 15 - Regulatory Information (non-mandatory)

#### TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act - EPA

Quartz and other chemicals are listed in the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory.

#### California Prop. 65 WARNING

This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. (Prop. 65 - California Health and Safety Code Section 2549 Et Seq).

### SARA/Title III (Emergency Planning & Community Right-to-Know Act

This mixture contains no substances at or above the reporting threshold under section 313, based on available data.

## Section 16 - Other Information (non-mandatory)

#### **Definitions**

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

CAL-OSHA California Occupational Safety & Health Administration

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration
MSHA Mine Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NTP National Toxicology Program

HCS Hazardous communication standard
OSHA PEL OSHA permissible exposure limit
STEL Short-term exposure limit
TLV Threshold limit value

Three types of TLVs for chemical substances as defined by the **ACGIH** are:

**TLV-TWA** Time weighted average - average exposure on the basis of an 8h/day,

40h/week work schedule.

**TLV-STEL** Short-term exposure limit - spot exposure for a duration of 15 minutes,

that cannot be repeated more than 4 times per day, with at least 60

minutes between exposure periods.

**TLV-C** Ceiling limit - absolute exposure limit that should not be exceeded at

any time.

This SDS is in compliance with The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), and is subject to revsion at any time without notice. Its current revision date is: 1/10/2020

Information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief but is not guaranteed to be so. Nothing herein is to be construed as recommending any practice or any product in violation of any patent or in violation of any law or regulation. It is the user's responsibility to determine for himself the suitability of any material for a specific purpose and to adopt such safety precautions as may be necessary. We make no warranty as to the results to be obtained in using any material and, since conditions of use are not under our control, we must

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