

# SAFETY DATA SHEET PC 56 ANCIENT COPPER

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

### 1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name PC 56 ANCIENT COPPER

Product number 35482D

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Application** Ceramic Glaze

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** American Art Clay Co Inc

6060 Guion Road Indianapolis, IN 46254-1222

USA

Toll Free: 1-800-999-5456 CustomerCare@Amaco.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Poison Control 1-800-222-1222

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Not Classified

**Health hazards** Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT RE 2 - H373

Environmental hazards Not Classified

### Label elements

### Hazard symbols





Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements P260 Do not breathe vapor/ spray.

P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains Silicon dioxide, 2,2,2 Hexahydro-1,3.5-triazine-1,3,5 triyl triethanol

#### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Silicon dioxide max 15%

CAS number: 14808-60-7

Classification

STOT RE 2 - H373

Aluminium max 15%

CAS number: 1332-58-7

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

#### 2,2,2 Hexahydro-1,3.5-triazine-1,3,5 triyl triethanol

<1%

CAS number: 4719-04-4

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### 4. First-aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General information

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitization

symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognized skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that

volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid

personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will

vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

**Ingestion** May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including

upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as

inhalation.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause

dryness of the skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

General information

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water

fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or

vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for

firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of

protection for chemical incidents.

### 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

#### Storage class

Chemical storage.

### Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

### 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### Exposure controls

### Protective equipment







### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk

assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and

change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be

worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the Hygiene measures workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day.

Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the

product.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment

> indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter

mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure controls Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment

> should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Other skin and body protection

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colored liquid. Color Various colors.

Flash point Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not applicable.

Other flammability Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed

storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous

situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion

products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

**Summary** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Summary May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of

exposure.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

**Ingestion** May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including

upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as

inhalation.

Skin Contact May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause

dryness of the skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous

effects on the environment.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Summary

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bio-Accumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known

### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### 14. Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA,

DOT).

**UN Number** 

UN No. (International) Not applicable.

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(International)

Not applicable.

Transport hazard class(es)

Transport Labels (International) No transport warning sign required.

Packing group

Packing group (International) Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

**Environmentally Hazardous Substance** 

No.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

### 15. Regulatory information

#### Regulatory References

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

#### **US Federal Regulations**

### SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed.

### CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

None of the ingredients are listed.

### SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed.

### SARA 313 Emission Reporting

None of the ingredients are listed.

### CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed.

### FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Respiratory or skin sensitization Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

### OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed.

### **US State Regulations**

#### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed.

Iron Oxide

max 15%

Aluminium

max 15%

Silicon dioxide

max 15%

2-aminoethanol

<1%

### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed.

Iron Oxide

max 15%

Aluminium

max 15%

Silicon dioxide

max 15%

2-aminoethanol

<1%

### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed.

Iron Oxide

max 15%

Aluminium

max 15%

Silicon dioxide

max 15%

2-aminoethanol

<1%

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed.

Iron Oxide

max 15%

Aluminium

max 15%

Silicon dioxide

max 15%

2,2,2 Hexahydro-1,3.5-triazine-1,3,5 triyl triethanol

### Inventories

### US - TSCA

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### 16. Other information

## in the safety data sheet

Abbreviations and acronyms used TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act

IATA: International air transport association.

ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air.

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods.

CAS: Chemical abstracts service.

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

LC₅₀: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population.

 $LD_{50}$ : Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose).

EC50: 50% of maximal effective concentration.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and

acronyms

Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 11/1/2020

 Revision
 1

 SDS No.
 6039

Hazard statements in full H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.